A global perspective

Optimising Customs information flows enhance Trade
Facilitation & ensure improved compliance.

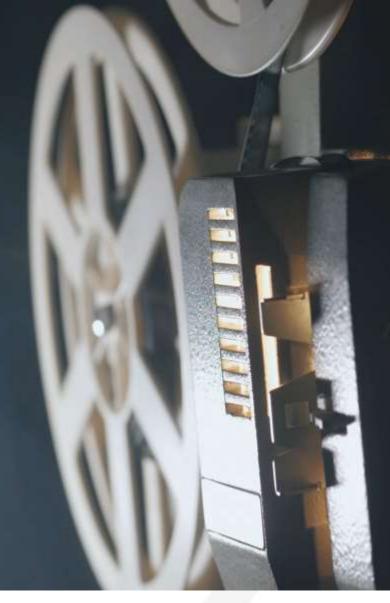
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IPCSA Customs Webinar 17th May 2021





- WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement
 stimulates especially emerging economies
 and developing countries
- Increased global competition, reduced inventory at companies increase 'just-intime' deliveries
- Continued Safety and Security threats.
- COVID-19 measures lead to reduced human intervention
- Fast evolutions in digitising the transport sector offers new 'on-line' data to crossborder agencies
- Progress of data science opening new opportunities for risk management and scientific anti-fraud approach

MAIN DRIVERS FOR OPTIMISING
CUSTOMS INFORMATION FLOWS



WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement stimulates especially emerging economies and developing countries



ARTICLE 1

Publication and Availability of Information



ARTICLE 5

Other measures to enhance impartiality, non-discrimination and transparency



ARTICLE 9

Movement of goods intended for import under customs control



ARTICLE 2

Opportunity to comment, information before entry into force and consultations



ARTICLE 6

Disciplines on fees and charges imposed on or in connection with importation and exportation and penalties



ARTICLE 10

Formalities connected with importation, exportation and transit



ARTICLE 3

Advance Rulings



ARTICLE 7

Release and Clearance of Goods



ARTICLE 11

Freedom of transit



ARTICLE 4

Procedures for appeal or review



ARTICLE 8

Border Agency Cooperation



ARTICLE 12

Customs Cooperation

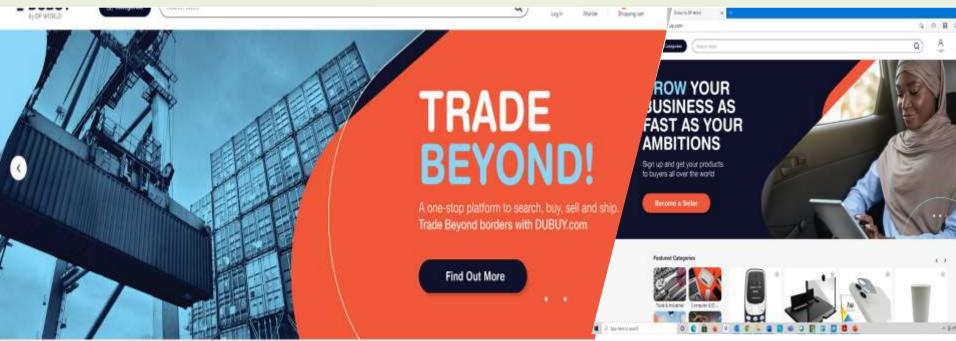


Additional annual growth between 0.34 and 0.54 % (WTO Source)



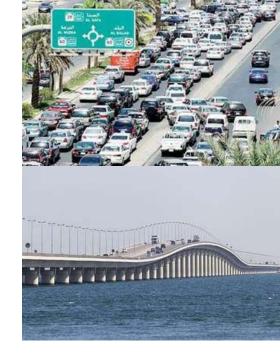


What Trade Facilitation can do in Rwanda and in Kenia! www.dubuy.com



Increased global competition, reduced inventory at companies increase 'just-in-time' deliveries

- Pre-arrival declarations (info upon arrival on release or inspection)
- Pre-clearance (release prior to arrival)
- Increased access to simplified procedures related to 'know your customer' (KYC) and 'Trusted Trader' programmes (AEO-C)



Continued Safety and Security threats.

Continued efforts to build 'AEO Security' Programmes

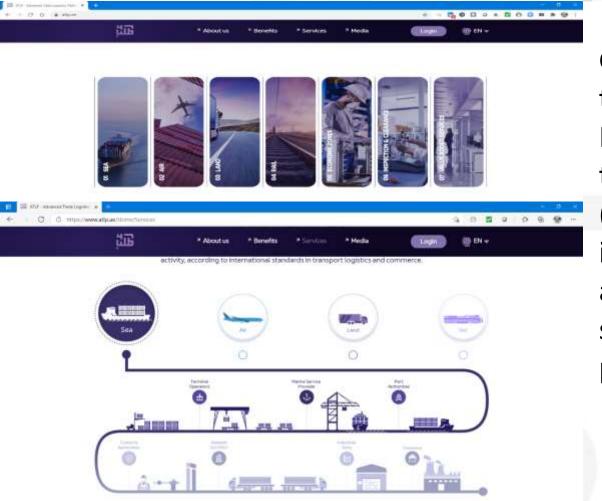
- ✓ Safety and Security related
- ✓ Real advantages for AEO (less delays, less inspections, less data required, etc.)
- ✓ Efforts to include other cross-border government agencies





COVID-19 measures lead to reduced human intervention

Fast evolutions in the digitising the transport sector offers new 'on-line' data to cross-border agencies

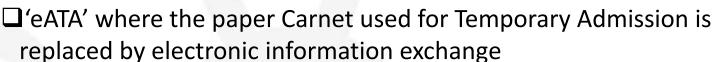




Global trend
towards 'Advanced
Logistics Trade Platforms'
to integrate border &
(air)port cross-border
information/data &
automated operations in a
single digital seamless
process

Need to simplify and speed up movement of goods as part of trade facilitation

- Interesting digitalisation initiatives are:
 - ☐'eTIR' where the paper carnet used for customs transit is replaced by standardised electronic messages



- ☐ 'eCMR' where the internationally used paper transport document is replaced by electronic information
- ☐ 'eCN22' or 'eCN23' for postal traffic and eCommerce

END-TO-END NETWORK CAPABILITY TO MEET SERVICE RELIABILITY REQUIREMENTS





Increasing interest world-wide for establishing digital 'virtual' customs

corridors

Which direction are we going?





Emerging high-tech initiatives to supervise movement of goods under customs control moved inside or between (air)ports, or with bonded warehouses and free zones.



High-Tech Controlled Corridors



What technologies can be used at emerging high-tech initiatives to supervise goods (and vehicles) under customs control?

- ☐ Goods movement control: RFID, ANPR, GPS tracking, eSeals, etc.
- ☐ Information exchange & monitoring: Blockchain, cloud technology, company ERP systems, etc.
- ☐ Access control at departure & arrival: reading of electronic badges
- ☐ Integrity of cargo: eSeals, smart containers
- ☐ Risk management: risk engine, using AI & historic & structured & unstructured info, risk profiles, targeting, etc.

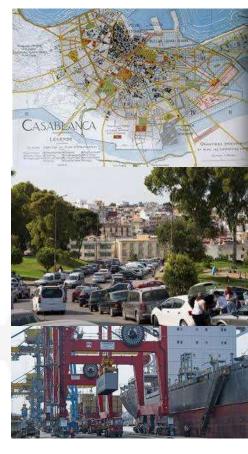




2 examples of High-Tech Control of movement and goods

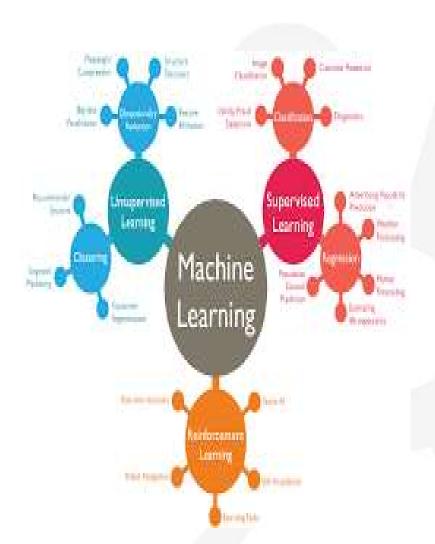
- 'ePort' in Morocco to manage traffic & goods movements inside the ports
- ☐ Bonded corridors in UAE & KSA
- ☐ Advanced Trade Logistics Portal (ATLP) in UAE, Dubai, Singapore, etc.







Progress of data science opening new opportunities for Customs risk management and scientific anti-fraud approach

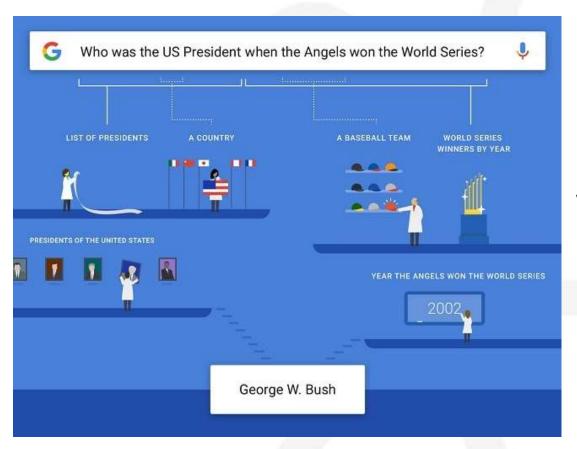


Machine learning covers a range of statistical techniques giving computers the ability to learn. They progressively improve their capacity to execute a task.



Progress of data science opening new opportunities for risk management and scientific anti-fraud approach





Natural-language processing: an area of AI concerned with the interactions between computers and human (natural) languages.









Progress of data science opening new opportunities for risk management and scientific anti-fraud approach

More and more the use of Digital Twin technology is used for customs control of cross-border logistics processes.

Digital twins are virtual replicas of physical objects and/or processes that data scientists use to run simulations of actual or planned operations.

Digital Twins support & optimise technologies such as IoT, AI and analytics.

How to know what's evolving in the customs world?

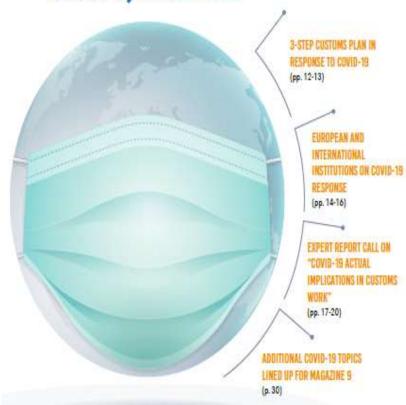
Public information on data related customs innovation research by Pan-European Network of Customs practitioners (PEN-CP) @ https://www.pen-cp.net/

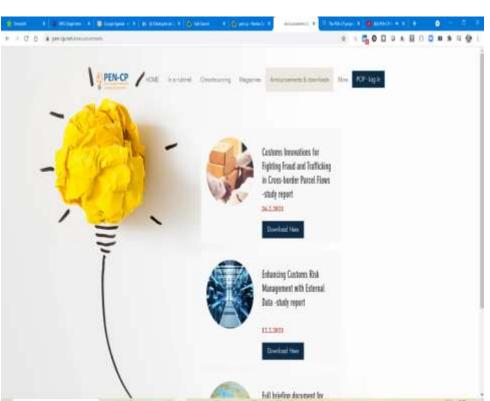
Studies, Magazine, YouTube, etc.





COVID-19 & Customs









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